

### **SME Bulletin**

• <u>Up-to-date Information on Economy and Trade</u>

## The general unemployment rate was 1.8% in the third quarter of 2019

In the third quarter of 2019, the general unemployment rate (1.8%) and the unemployment rate of local residents (2.5%) an increase of 0.1 and 0.2 percentage points respectively from the previous quarter. Total employment decreased by 100 quarter-to-quarter, of which the number of employed residents went down by 1,200. Analysed by industry, employment in Gaming & Junket Activities (84,900) dropped by 2,200 quarter-to-quarter, while that in the Wholesale & Retail Trade (41,800) rose by 2,000.

Median monthly employment earnings in the third quarter increased by MOP700 quarter-to-quarter to MOP17,000; median earnings of those engaging in Gaming & Junket Activities and the Construction sector stood at MOP20,000 and MOP16,000 respectively. Moreover, the median earnings of the employed residents stayed the same as in the previous quarter, at MOP20,000.

# Visitor arrivals increased by 17% year-on-year in the first three quarters of 2019

In the first three quarters of 2019, visitor arrivals reached 30,202,906, a growth of 17.0% year-on-year. Same-day visitors (15,929,175) and overnight visitors (14,273,731) increased by 30.6% and 4.9% respectively. The average length of stay of visitors reduced by 0.1-day year-on-year to 1.2 days, with that of overnight visitors (2.2 days) and same-day visitors (0.2 day) remaining stable. Analysed by country/place, visitors from mainland China (21,455,294), the Republic of Korea (609,833), Hong Kong (5,560,117) and Taiwan (815,838) rose by 17.7%, 0.4%, 22.3% and 1.5% respectively. Visitors from the United States (151,518), Australia (64,475), Canada (55,379) and the United Kingdom (44,201) also recorded year-on-year growth.

TPI dropped by 0.42% year-on-year in the first three quarters of

### <u>2019</u>

Information from the Statistics and Census Service (DSEC) indicated that the Tourist Price Index (TPI) for the third quarter of 2019 dropped by 0.65% year-on-year to 129.94. The decrease was mainly attributable to lower charges for hotel accommodation and falling prices of clothing; yet, rising charges for restaurant services and dearer gold jewellery and local food products offset part of the decrease. Among the various sections of goods and services, price indices of Clothing & Footwear and Accommodation fell notably by 5.50% and 4.62% respectively year-on-year, whereas the indices of Entertainment & Cultural Activities and Miscellaneous Goods grew by 3.04% and 2.44% respectively.

The average TPI for the last four quarters ended the third quarter of 2019 dropped by 0.81% from the previous period. Price indices of Clothing & Footwear (-5.44%) and Accommodation (-3.72%) recorded notable decreases, while the indices of Food, Alcoholic Beverages & Tobacco (+3.09%) and Entertainment & Cultural Activities (+2.65%) increased. For the first three quarters of 2019, TPI went down by 0.42% year-on-year, with price indices of Clothing & Footwear and Accommodation falling by 5.12% and 2.55% respectively. Meanwhile, price indices of Entertainment & Cultural Activities and Food, Alcoholic Beverages & Tobacco rose by 3.22% and 2.76% respectively.

### The inflation rate was 2.77% in the first nine months of 2019

The average Composite CPI for the third quarter of 2019 (116.37) increased by 2.72% year-on-year; the average CPI-A and CPI-B grew by 2.60% and 3.70% respectively. The average Composite CPI for the first nine months of 2019 went up by 2.77% year-on-year. The average CPI-A and CPI-B rose by 2.70% and 3.34% respectively.

The Composite CPI reflects the impact of price changes on the general households in Macao. The CPI-A relates to about 50% of the households, which have an average monthly expenditure of MOP10,000 to MOP29,999. The CPI-B relates to about 30% of the households, which have an average monthly expenditure of MOP30,000 to MOP54,999.

(Source: Statistics and Census Service Department) --The End—